

Development Forum

Increase and diversify production capacity and processing of domestic raw materials and resources including agro-industrial and mining sector with participation of private sector

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Key achievements 2006-2014

- Land Reform (150,000 LUR certificates issued);
- Freedom to Farm (Resolution 111);
- Cotton debt resolution (over 548 million USA);
- Business development with implementing right on using land guarantees;
- ❖GDP achieved for 21 billion Somoni in 2014, according to microeconomic indicators increased for 1,7 billion Somoni;
- ♦ Agriculture share is 23,5 % of GDP in 2014;
- *Enhanced production of key food security products compare 2006 increased from 144 % up to 3,3 times);



INFORMATION

on provision of the population of RT with local produced food

Name of food	Production, thousand. ton				Production Per 1 person/kg			
	2006	2014	(+;-)	%	2006	2014	(+;-)	%
Cereals	912	1318	406	144,5	130,9	158,9	+28,0	121,4
Potato	574	854	280	148,8	82,4	103,0	+20,6	124,9
Vegetables	760	1550	790	2,0 time	109,1	186,9	+77,8	171,3
Melons	218	546	328	2,5 time	31,3	65,8	+34,5	2,1 time
Fruits	209	346	137	165,6	30,0	41,7	+11,7	139,0
Grapes	107	189	82	176,6	15,4	22,8	+7,4	148,3
Meat	112	199	87	177,7	16,1	24,0	+7,9	149,2
Milk	545	855	310	156,9	78,2	103,1	+24,8	131,7
Eggs (mln. pcs)	105	350	245	3,3 time	15,1	42,2	+27,1	2,8 time
Honey	1,7	3,7	2	2,2 time	0,2	0,4	+0,2	182,8



Key achievements 2006-2014

- ❖ Implementation of 15 sectoral programs over the 2007-2014 (with the 146 million somoni budget) and 9 investment projects for 116 mln. USD with support of Development Partners;
- ❖ Development and adoption of the Programme of Agrarian Reform;
- Development of the Agriculture Sector Diversification Matrix;
- Enhanced land reclamation by 10748 ha (2014);
- Establishment of the new gardens and vineyards in 53596 Ha (during 5 years);
- *Through artificial insemination improved breeds of 122191 head of animals and establishment of 35 livestock farms (in 2008-2014);
- Establishment of 200 fishery farms and 74 poultry farms;
- * Expanded of the area of oil crops (rape, sunflower), vegetable (onion), potato, established of gardens and vineyards for export purpose (raisin, plump, apricot, cherry), implementing innovation technologies (intensive gardens) as competitive fruits with high income.



Challenges

- → Abolishment of the agriculture lands
- → Lack of water during the planting period, topped up with obsolete irrigation/drainage;
- → Lack of access to affordable long term credits & leasing of agricultural machinery for farmers and quality seeds and fertilizers;
- → Low level of credit production ability of the farmers;
- → Absence of agriculture products processing and lack of interest among the producers Not enough technical knowledge and modern management in dehkan farms;
- → Lack of information, consultations and extension services for the farms
- → Lack of management system in dehkan farms and other structures.
- Small use of private sector in animal breeding development, selection and seed production.



Next steps

- → Implementing of goals and objectives of Agriculture Reform Program, including its 5 prevalent and they are;
 - Agriculture sector diversification;
 - Dehkan farm reform;
 - Cooperative Development;
 - Institutional Reform;
 - Creation and improve of the agriculture extension service centers;



Next steps

- → Ensure the link between the priorities of the Agrarian Reform and Tajikistan Development Forum.
- → Impending of the second crop planting and to receive two three harvest in irrigated lands;
- → Ensure the development and improvement of the private sector and involvement at the phase of the beginning and completion of the agriculture production.
- → abolish VAT, added value and custom fees for importing of some fertilizers, chemicals, and high quality seeds;
- Protect of dehkan farms from the bankrupt through implementing agriculture insurance;
- Implementation of the of new financial agricultural insurance mechanism;



Next steps

- Considering for keeping high value production, focusing to permanent greenhouses;
- → Establishment of the intensive gardens with the exporting fruits;
- Construction of the modern refrigerators in order to keep fruits and vegetables;
- → Continue to involve investments for improving the conditions of the agriculture sphere.